

1 **Abstract**

2 System resources are pooled and allocated in an optimal manner to handling telephone
3 voice traffic or to handling computer data traffic. By pooling resources optimal use is
4 made of the available resources. The system is modular and it can be expanded easily
5 and it can meet the needs of a variety of office environments. A combination of
6 mechanisms is used to achieve higher statistical multiplexing on a network interface by
7 dynamically adjusting the multiplexing. The system: 1) Provides homogeneous access
8 to DS0 trunk resource by both voice and data traffic, resulting in a larger resource pool.
9 2) Partially normalizes the class of service characteristics of data traffic to make it more
10 predictable and can dynamically adjust the bandwidth such that requests for resources
11 can be honored with a higher success rate, and 3) Maintains multiple qualities of service
12 for multiple voice and data streams drawing from a single resource pool.

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14 Data traffic is normalized into flows, each of which has an assigned priority. Bandwidth
15 is allocation to each of the flows. Filtering is performed on lower priority flows if there is
16 not sufficient bandwidth available to handle all the requests for service. The bandwidth
17 of each flow is continuously monitored and the bandwidth allocation is periodically
18 adjusted according to the assigned priority to accommodate the magnitude of the
19 requests for service and the resources available. Voice traffic is also characterized as
20 belonging to prioritized flows, though no filtering or bandwidth adjustment function are
21 applied to voice traffic because voice traffic has a constant bandwidth. Higher statistical
22 multiplexing is achieved by; 1) Combining different classes of service into a single,
23 larger resource pool. 2) Dynamically adjusting both the offered load and the bandwidth
24 available by class of service. 3) Defining multiple {source, destination} multiplexing
25 subgroups with different classes of service, within the larger resource pool, to achieve
26 different multiplexing rates by class of service within the overall system.